



**promoting inclusive
sustainable growth through
the exchange of valuable data**

imron zuhri, cto of hara



anggar

are

bahu

borong

iring

kesuk

lupit

paron

prowolon

rakit

rante

ru

sangga

tampah

tumbak

tumbuk

ubin

anggar **kalimantan**
1/33 ha

are **bali**
100m²

bahu

borong

iring

kesuk **mataraman**
1/6 ha atau 1000m²

lupit **jawa**
250 ubin

paron

prowolon

rakit **pantura**
1000m²

rante **sumatera**
22 x 22 yard

ru

sangga **jawa**
5 ubin = 70m²

tampah

tumbak **jawa barat**
3.75 x 3.75m²

tumbuk **jambi**
100m²

ubin **nasional**
ru=tumbak

LOW PRODUCTIVITY DUE TO ASYMMETRIC INFORMATION



paddy productivity

14.5%

less than Vietnam
(5.7 Tones per Hectare)

Even lower compared to
Japan, China, South Korea
and Australia



Highest
paddy production cost
in Asia (\$0.3 per Kg)

2.5x higher than Vietnam,
1.8x higher than Thailand
1.2x higher than China



post-harvest
loss 20%
of crops

Inefficient value chain
from farmer to
consumer

PROBLEMS WITH DATA



silos



underutilized



quality



costly

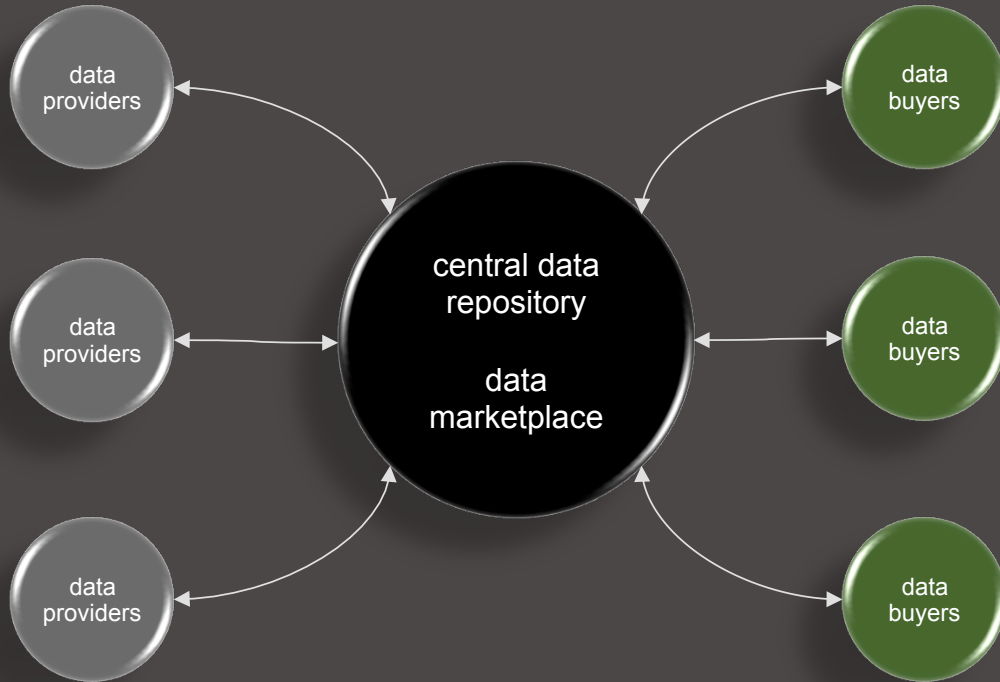


exploitation



availability

trust problems with traditional data exchange



trust?

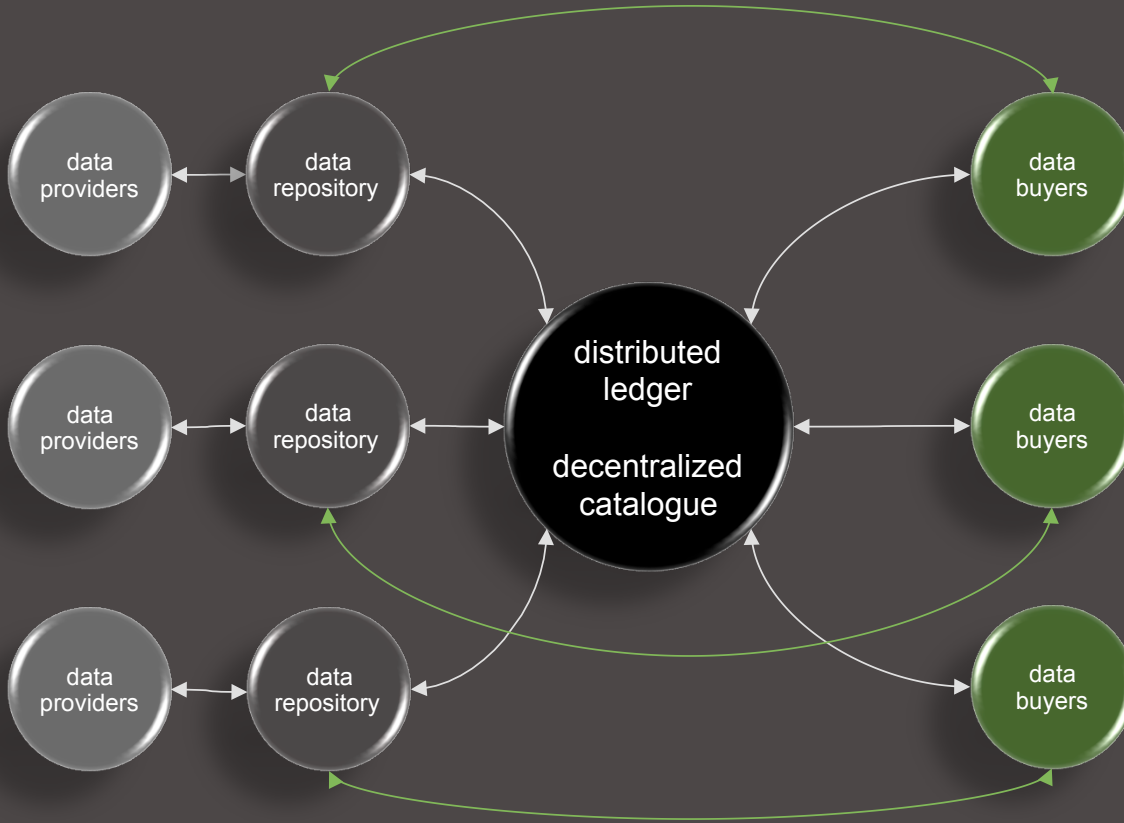
transparency?

data ownership/privacy?

data integrity?

data security?

decentralized data exchange solve most of the problems



trusted

transparent

guaranteed integrity
(immutability/traceability)

secure data ownership/
privacy issues
(smart contract)



farmer's problems:

100%-300% loan interest

HARA FIELD AGENT AGRIPRENEUR

3 FINANCING AND INSURANCE



1 DATA COLLECTOR



4

FARM INPUTS HARVEST EQUIPMENTS



MODERN TRADER

5



2 DATA QUALIFIER

2

Mbak Nun

Income up to IDR 1,500,000 per month

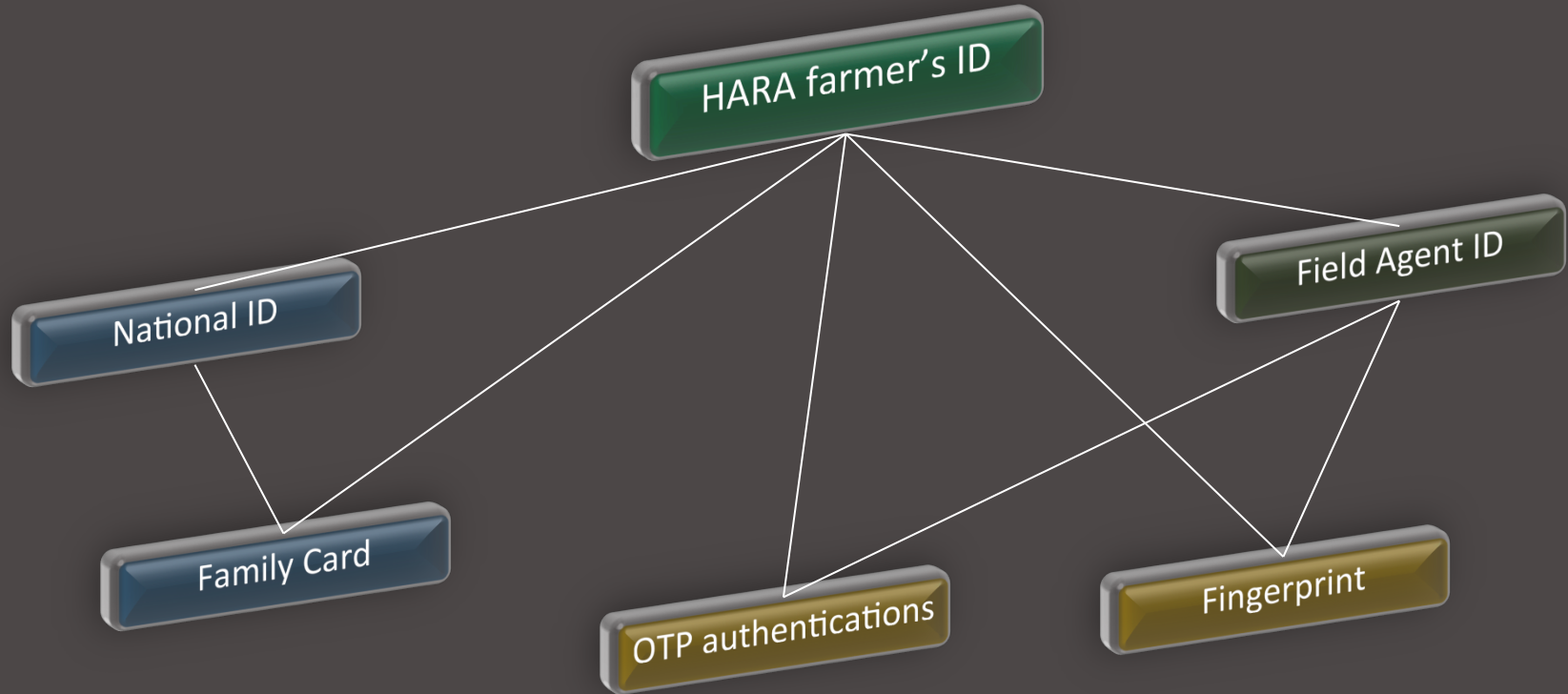
EVERYBODY WITH A PHONE CAN JOIN THE HARA ECOSYSTEM

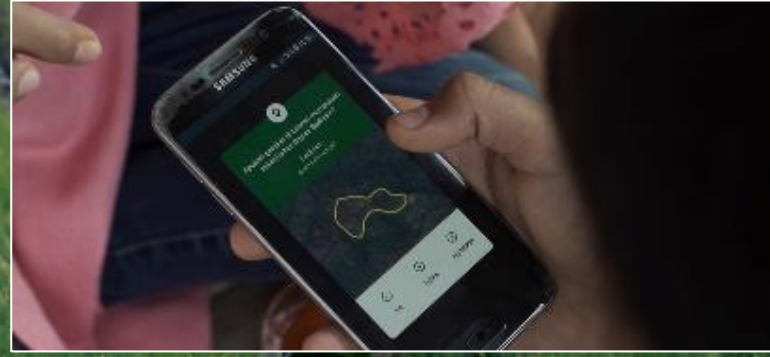




farmer's identity

every links to legal documents,
every peer verifications, electronic authentications
are recorded as **blockchain transactions**





farmer's land

OPEN NEW ACCESSIBILITY AND POSSIBILITIES FOR FARMERS



MARKET

DATA MONETIZATION



LAND TITLING



FINANCING &
INSURANCE



PRECISION
AGRICULTURE

Bapak Nisu →

Access to
micro-
loans and
other
benefits



TOKEN INCENTIVES

DATA BUYERS



Banks



Insurance



Enterprises



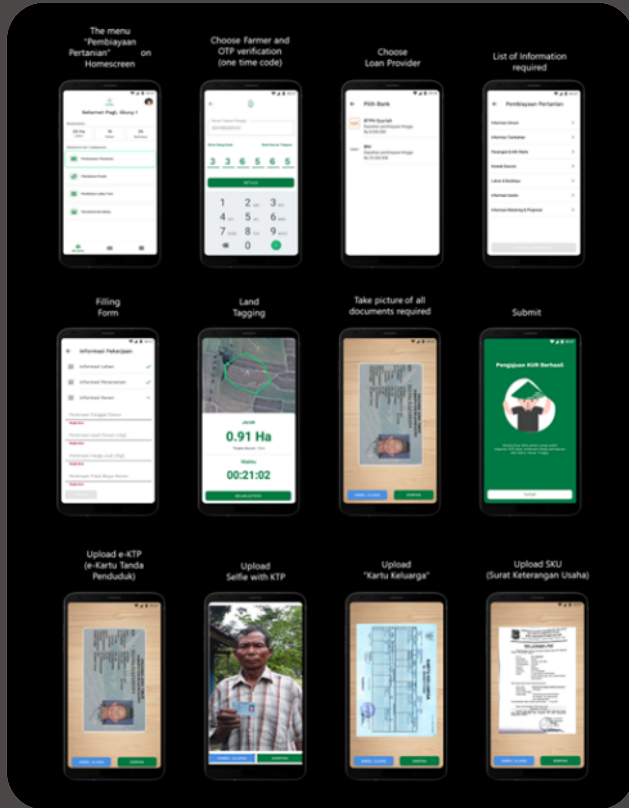
Government



Retailers



HARA AGENT'S ROLE TO PROVIDE ACCESS TO FINANCE



Data Acquisition

Data Validation

Loan Agreement

Loan Disbursement

Loan Repayment

LOAN DISBURSEMENT IN BOJONEGORO

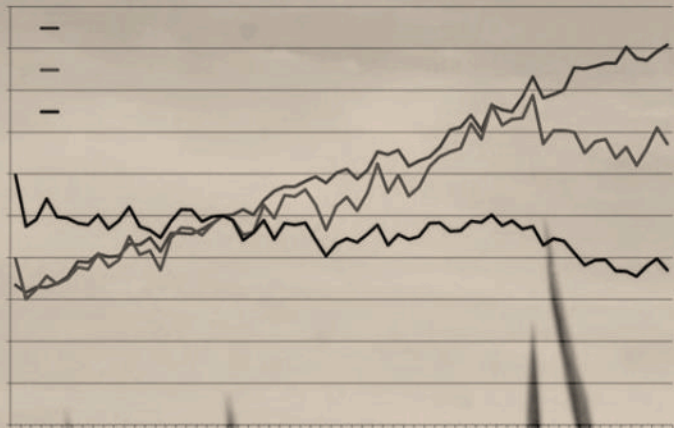




next problems:
inefficient supply chain and sustainability

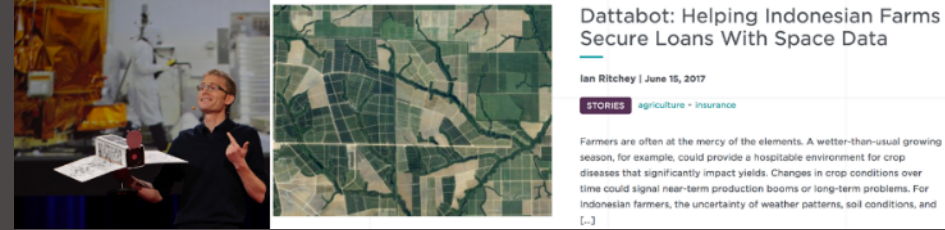
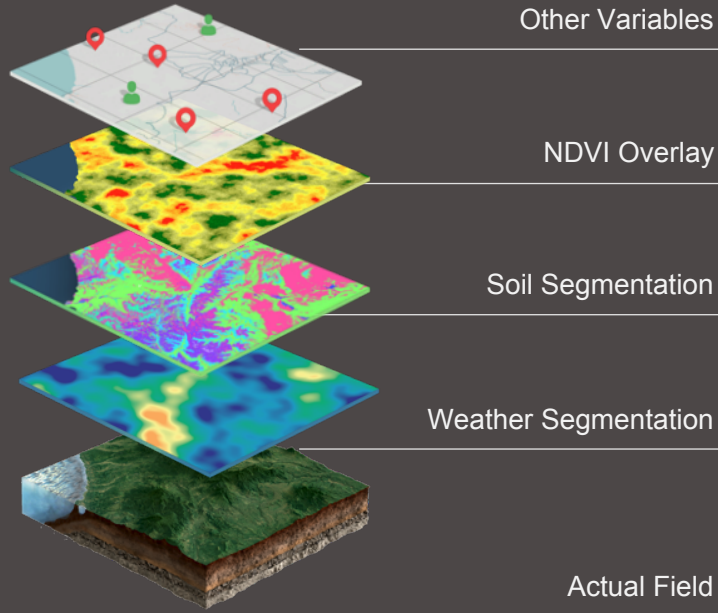
visible supply chain networks and food traceability





next problems:
low productivity and small land sizes

the collected **historical ground data** from the farmers and IoT devices can be used to **train machine learning** to read and recognize **satellite images**



CURRENT USE CASE FOR SATELLITE IMAGERY

SATELLITE
DATA

FARMER'S
PROFILE

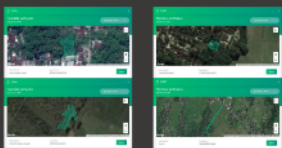
LAND TAGGING

CULTIVATION
DATA

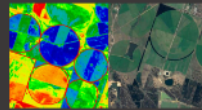
TRANSACTIONAL
DATA

HARA APPLICATION SUITES

DATA VERIFICATION
FRAUD DETECTION

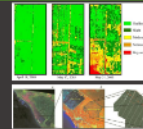


FARMER'S INCOME
CREDIT
WORTHINESS



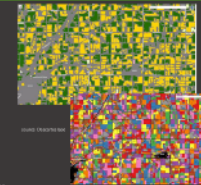
yield modeling and harvest prediction

CROP RISK
CROP INSURANCE



crop growth, health and status

CROP MONITORING
CREDIT
REPAYMENT



once we have enough historical data we can improve productivity further by applying precision agriculture

Data from satellite: segmentation analysis

Rainfall intensity cluster analysis

Light intensity pattern over years

Soil type cluster analysis

Data from field: aerial imagery analysis

Drones imagery camera

Perisatral aerial imagery analysis

Biomass monitoring using multispectral imaging

Image pre processing

Plant counting using image recognition

Boost productivity with effective and efficient crop input usage

1 Ha FIELD

ROI difference

Based on soil condition, seed type, weather condition, and historical field pattern

Data from field: ground data analysis

Ground sensor data acquisition

Satellite data acquisition

Yield pattern leads to optimal prescription

Contour plot of 2 variables relation analysis

3D plot of 2 variables relation analysis

Most optimum value for all fat variables

1	1000	1000000
2	2000	2000000
3	3000	3000000
4	4000	4000000
5	5000	5000000
6	6000	6000000
7	7000	7000000
8	8000	8000000
9	9000	9000000
10	10000	10000000
11	11000	11000000
12	12000	12000000
13	13000	13000000
14	14000	14000000
15	15000	15000000
16	16000	16000000
17	17000	17000000
18	18000	18000000
19	19000	19000000
20	20000	20000000

Understanding relation between variables and its yield result gives us optimum value analysis

Farmer's characteristic analysis on yield result

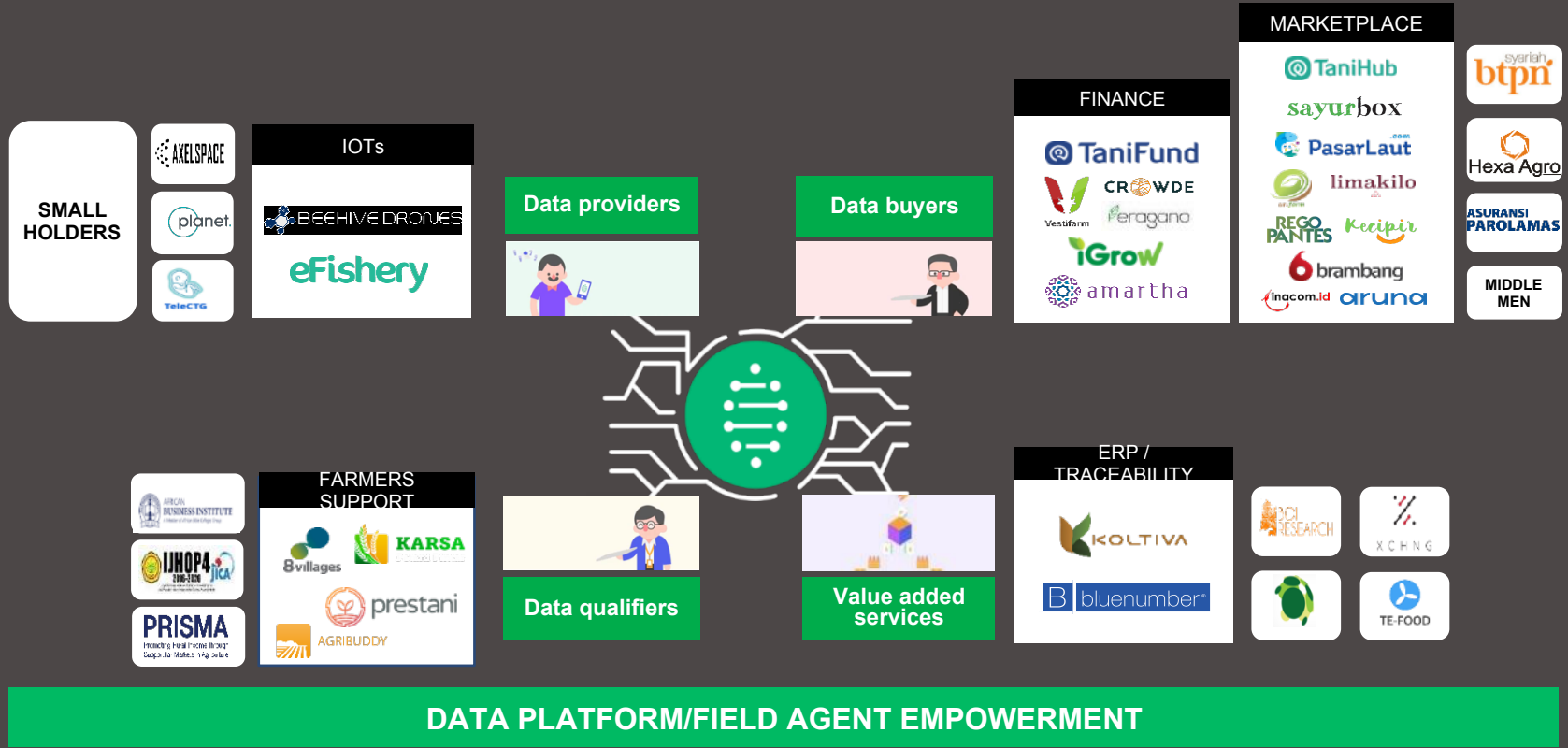
Farmer's productivity cluster analysis

Farmer's character vs productivity analysis

Education vs yield

zodiac vs yield

FOUNDATION TO BUILD DATA DRIVEN AGRICULTURE ECOSYSTEM



THANK YOU