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unicef for every child





Malaria is a disease of poverty



ECONOMIC LOSS

Maternal outcomes

- Maternal anaemia
- Cerebral malaria
- Severe malaria
- Maternal mortality
- Recurrent or new plasmodium infections





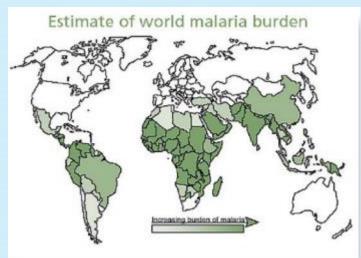
- Abortion
- Stillbirth
- Preterm delivery
- Low birth weight
- Neonatal mortality
- Congenital malaria
- Infant mortality
- Anaemia
- Poor developmental / behavioural outcome

http://pharmaguidenigeria.com.ng/tag/mosquito/

ANEMIA, POOR GROWTH

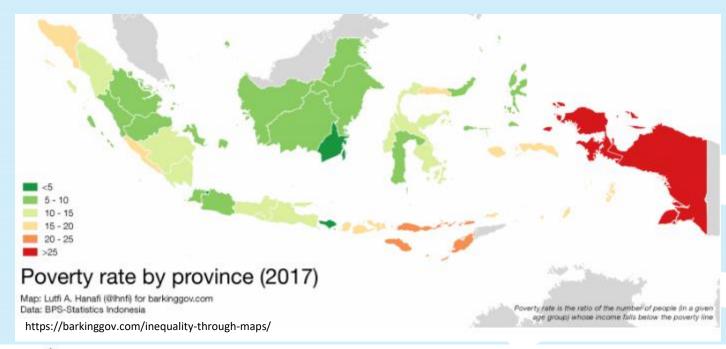


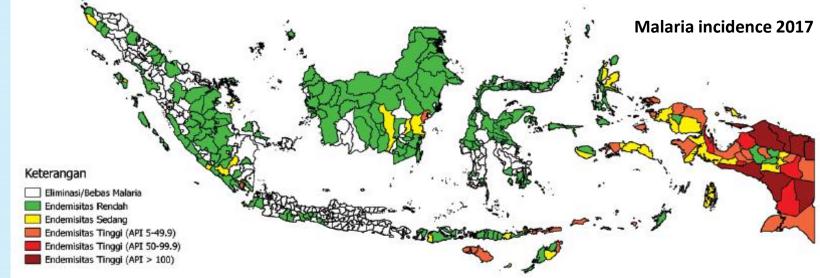
Estimate of World Poverty Increasing burden of poverty Source: RBM data/J.Sachs 1999



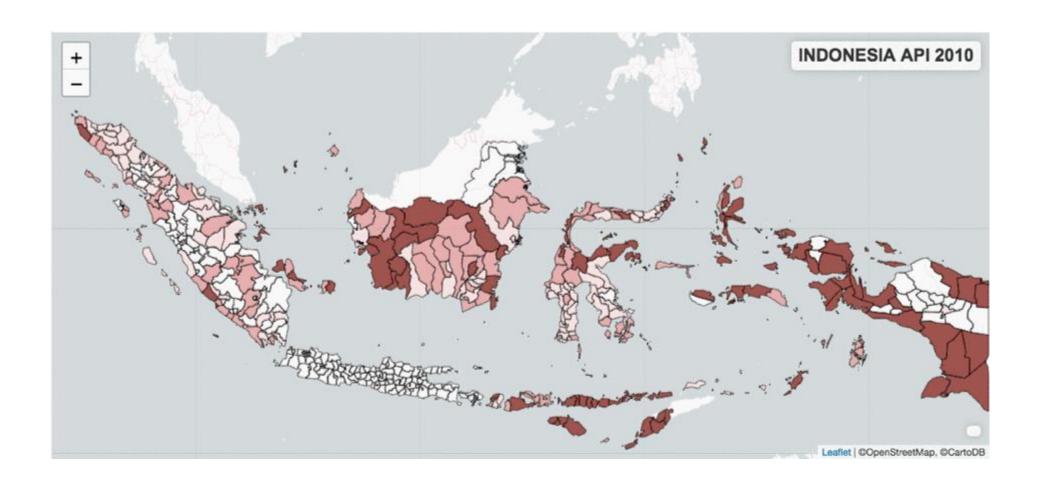
https://www.malariaconsortium.org/userfiles/file/Past%20events/factsheet 2%20-%20malaria%20and%20poverty.pdf

Malaria & geographic disparities





Today, more than half the districts in Indonesia (72% populations) are malaria free.





Strong leadership is the key to successful program

ALL ENDEMIC AREAS	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
National Ministerial Decree on Malaria Elimination						•								
Increased global and domestic financing for malaria														
Artemisinin-based combination therapy introduction and scale														
Laboratory confirmation mandated for all malaria cases														
Quality assurance for diagnosis														
Malaria screening and treatment in pregnant women														
Malaria inclusion into sick child management in endemic areas														
Improved malaria surveillance and reporting														
Cross-district learning and mentorship														
HIGH-TRANSMISSION AREAS														
Long-lasting insecticide treated bednets introduction and scale														
Indoor residual spraying in high-risk areas and outbreaks														
Larval control and environmental management														
LOW-TRANSMISSION AREAS														
Enhanced case investigation														
Transmission foci mapping														
Active surveillance and case finding														
POST-ELIMINATION AREAS														
Malaria screening among in-migrants														



74% of malaria cases is in Papua



39 HIGH ENDEMIC DISTRICTS

Papua: 21 districts

East Nusa Tenggara: 7 districts

West Papua : 6 districts

Maluku: 3 districts

Lampung: 1 district

East Kalimantan: 1 district

COST for MALARIA ELIMINATION 2030

1.5 million USD per year

http://www.shrinkingthemalariamap.org/sites/www.shrinkingthemalariamap.org/files/content/page/an-investment-case-for-eliminating-malaria-in-indonesia.pdf



Malaria Elimination is Everybody's Business

- ☐ Better housing
- ☐ Better sanitation
- ☐ Improved environment/infrastructure
- ☐ Bigger investment in health system
- ☐ Stronger community engagement

