







Pathways to Tackle Regional Disparities Across the Archipelago

Sub-Theme:

Unlocking the Potential of the Digital Economy for **Regional Development**











Potential for Blockchain Technology for **Improving Village Information Systems**

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What is Blockchain?

Bird, Aeroplane, Superman?

Nope! Blockchain is a shared, distributed, digital ledger

Our world is dependent upon keeping record - of actions, of money, of interactions. These records began in what we commonly refer to as **ledgers**.

Rapidly growing wealth gap

Rise of professional ledger keepers

Evolution of the "ledger"



2008 Global Financial Crisis

Not Just Cryptocurrency

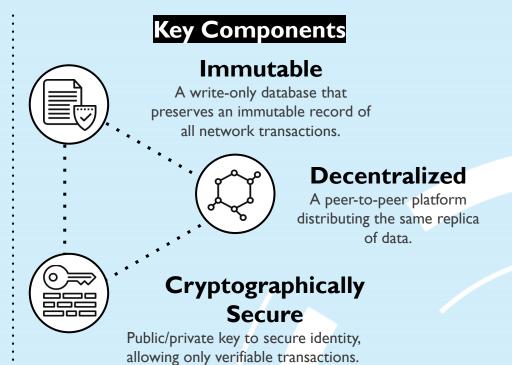
Ancient Sumeria





Blockchain is a distributed database, inherently resistant to attacks and fraud.

	Value Proposition
Reduces cost	 Removes the costs of intermediaries Reduces processing, re-work, and manual errors
Increases	
revenue	Creates new products and servicesCaptures value lost in transit
Reduces risk	No single point of failureNo unauthorized alterationsResistant to collusion
Increases	
speed and transparency	Verifies provenanceAllows T+0 settlementPreserves complete audit trail







Why decentralization matters

Through its distributed nature, blockchain enables better, trustless coordination.









Inclusive

More creation and collaboration occurs in a global network that each and every one can join.



Robust

A power outage, natural disaster, or a malfunction cannot bring it down, nor can an attack from malicious actors.



Uncensorable

No government or corporation controls your data. Your privacy remains your own.



Egalitarian

The network is that of the masses. No economic, political, geographic discrimination, no monopoly.

Read More Buterin, V. (2017, February 6). The Meaning of Decentralization



Potential for Improving VIS

Current Issues

- Managed in a fragmented fashion. The main stakeholders/ authorities are the Local Dukcapil, village govt.. Hamlet, neighborhood units (RT)/RVV) and the health service units (not in all districts) have certain role. Individual citizen don't have private access, so individual data error often happens.
- Village office and Camat often function as intermediaries rather than facilitators.
- Village govt staff and dukcapil staff can temper with data, or entering different data due to typo or mistakes. Each have some share authority, but database is not interlinked

- With blockchain, data can be decentralized among stakeholders, create more trust and more timely updates. The P2P may comprise dukcapil, village govt down to hamlet/RT/RW, camat, service units, the citizen themselves.
- Streamlining of Health Data
- With blockchain, financial data can be decentralized to VFM stakeholders such as district DPKAD, DPMD, village head and staffs, camat, and village implementation team, to create more trust and more accountability.

Selecting the right Technology:

Innovative Methodologies – Sprint Vs Log frame

Adaptive Approaches - Developmental Evaluation and

Complexity aware techniques

Careful partnerships - Avoid Snake oil sales folks!





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